









2021-2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

Graduating Seniors Survey

Summary Report

Prepared by the Research Department American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine

AACOM 2021-2022 Academic Year Graduating Seniors Survey Summary Report, Abstract

Each year, the American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine (AACOM) collaborates with the nation's colleges of osteopathic medicine (COMs) to distribute the AACOM Graduating Seniors Survey. The Graduating Seniors Survey queries graduates on a variety of topics and compiles a comprehensive snapshot of students' self-reported debt and financing of medical education, educational experiences, and satisfaction with their medical education. The survey asks students to outline their plans for graduate medical education (GME), specialty selection, and career.

AACOM distributed the 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors Survey via our survey software, Qualtrics, using students' email addresses provided by AACOM's member COMs. Students' email addresses were used to create a distribution list to directly administer the survey to students. Students had the ability to access the survey from any device using their survey link. Students also had the flexibility of saving and completing the survey during a time most convenient for them. Qualtrics sent reminders to students who had not completed their surveys throughout the survey cycle. In addition, coordinators received weekly updates on response rates and could request additional updates during the survey cycle. COMs who opted out of providing their students' email addresses received the survey through an anonymous link. The anonymous survey link does not collect any identifying information (name, email address, etc.) unless the student provides this information when completing the survey. Students completing the survey via this method of distribution still had the flexibility of saving and completing the survey during a time most convenient for them.

A total of 5,528 expected 2022 graduates responded to the survey from 34 COMs and branch campuses. The 2022 "Osteopathic Medical School Graduate Placements in 2022 Match Report" anticipated a graduate count of 7,728. Based on this number, the response rate for the Graduating Seniors Survey is approximately 72 percent. The "AACOM 2021-2022 Academic Year Graduating Seniors Survey Summary Report" is made available to the public. This year AACOM worked with their vendor HelioCampus to migrate the student data (graduating seniors and entering students) to dashboards within AACOM analytics. COMs will now have access to data from 2009 to the present. AACOM will inform COMs of any updates or new data pushed to the site to provide them with real-time data.

Several sets of responses are noted below.

Self-Reported Student Debt and Scholarships

Table 1.1: The overall mean osteopathic medical education debt reported by 2022 graduates is \$252,094—a decrease of \$5,241 or 2 percent since 2021. Ninety percent of 2022 graduates reported having debt—an increase from the previous graduating class reporting 91 percent in 2021. The mean debt reported by public COM graduates is \$224,124 compared to private COM graduates at \$256,659—a difference of \$32,535 or 13.5 percent. Public COM graduates' mean debt decreased from 2021 by 7.2 percent and private COM graduates' mean debt decreased from 2021 by 1.3 percent.

- **Table 1.1—1.1a:** Forty-three percent of graduates reported receiving a Subsidized Stafford Loan. From 2021 to 2022, the percentage of students who reported receiving a Subsidized Stafford Loan decreased by 4.4 percent. The overall median Subsidized Stafford Loan amount reported by 2022 graduates is \$23,753—an increase of \$574 or 2.5 percent from 2021.
- **Table 1.1:** Six percent of 2022 graduates reported receiving a Perkins Loan—a decrease of 25 percent from 2021. The mean Perkins Loan amount reported by the 2022 graduates is \$16,745—a decrease of \$3,781 or 18.3 percent from 2021. The number of 2022 graduates reported receiving a Graduate PLUS loan decreased from 2021 to 2022 by 3.7 percent. The mean Graduate PLUS loan amount reported was \$130,517—an increase from 2021 by 2.9 percent or \$3,623.
- **Table 2.1:** In 2022, male graduates reported a mean osteopathic medical education debt of \$255,208, and female graduates reported a mean osteopathic medical education debt of \$249,574. The difference in the mean debt reported by male and female graduates is 2.2 percent or \$5,634. Eighty-nine percent of males and 91 percent of females reported having osteopathic medical education debt—a decrease from 2021 by 2.2 percent for males and a 1.1 percent increase for females.

AACOM 2021-2022 Academic Year Graduating Seniors Survey Summary Report, Abstract

Table 2.2: Compared to the overall student population, 97 percent of Black/African Americans reported graduating with debt. Ninety-one percent of both Hispanic/Latino and White graduates reported graduating with debt. Asian students continue to report having lower debt (85 percent) with a mean graduate debt of \$230,352. Additional data displaying debt by demographic factors are in Tables 2.3 – 3.1a.

Table 8.1: The mean scholarship/grant award amount reported by 2022 graduates is \$65,134. Fifty-six percent of graduates reported receiving scholarship/grant awards. Private COM graduates reported receiving higher scholarships and grants totals compared to public COM graduates. Scholarships and grants reported by private COM graduates total \$68,152, with public COM graduates reporting \$50,701. Sixty-five percent of public COM 2022 graduates reported receiving scholarships and grants, compared to 55 percent of private COM graduates—a difference of 16.7 percent. Data showing scholarships and grants by demographic factors are in Tables 8.1 – 9.6.

Satisfaction with Osteopathic Medical Education

Table 11: Seventy-four percent of the 2022 graduates reported being "very satisfied" or "satisfied" with their osteopathic medical training. The mean satisfaction rating is 3.8 on a scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "very dissatisfied" and 5 being "very satisfied."

Table 12: Seventy-five percent of the 2022 graduates reported being "very satisfied" or "satisfied" with their career selection in osteopathic medicine. The mean satisfaction rating is 4.0 on a scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "very dissatisfied" and 5 being "very satisfied."

Graduate Osteopathic Medical Education and Primary Care Specialty Plans

*Table 42: Sixty-three percent of the 2022 graduates reported entering an ACGME residency without osteopathic recognition immediately after graduation—an increase of 6.8 percent from 2021. Twenty-five percent reported entering an ACGME residency with osteopathic recognition—a decrease of 7.4 percent from 2021.

Tables 56 & 59: Fifty-four percent of graduates reported plans to specialize in the primary care disciplines of general internal medicine, general pediatrics, and family medicine. The highest-rated influence on specialty choice is "Intellectual Content of the Specialty" with a rating of 3.3 on a scale of 0 to 4; 0 being "no influence" and 4 being "major influence." The least three factors that influence specialty choices are "Prestige/Income Potential & Opportunity for Research/Creativity" (tied) "Debt Level," and "Program has Osteopathic Recognition." Tables 42 – 60 display more complete information on specialty and practice plans.

*Notes:

In 2020, the Immediate Post-Graduate Plans options were updated to coincide with the Single Graduate Medical Education Accreditation System. Please see Table 42.

If you have any questions, please contact AACOM Research Department at research@aacom.org.

Table I.I: Mean Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

	%	in Debt			
All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private
\$252,094	\$224,124	\$256,659	90%	91%	90%
			91%	92%	90%
					92%
' '	• ,	. ,			
\$157.926	\$155.764	\$158.309	86%	89%	85%
' '			1		88%
			1 1		90%
4 1 0 0, 2 0 1	4.00,.00	4 . 00,000	,•	7 1,7	
\$32.671	\$31,157	\$32,944	43%	43%	43%
			1 1		45%
			1 1		46%
ψ55,475	ψ33,103	ψ30,030	17/0	01/6	10/6
\$130.517	\$105.503	\$133.892	79%	74%	80%
	• •		1 1		82%
			1 1		87%
Ψ110,027	ψ105,005	Ψ121,703	07/6	07/6	07 /6
\$16.745	\$7.477	\$17.981	6%	5%	6%
			1 1		8%
		• •	1 1		8%
φ23,613	φ17,003	φ20,2 <i>7</i> 7	//0	13/0	0/6
\$ 52 339	\$90.224	\$61,005	2%	6%	3%
					1%
			1 1		1%
\$ 77 ,332	φ31,0 4 2	φ37,003	2/0	7/0	1 /0
¢122.517	\$90.22 <i>4</i>	¢132.000	3%	19/	3%
			1 1		3%
					3 % 4%
\$137,311	р4 5,63 4	φισι,σο τ	4/6	3/6	4/6
\$75.087	\$63,970	\$79.391	3%	6%	3%
					3%
			1		3%
φου,//υ	φτο,207	Ψ/ 2,3 ΤΤ	3/6	0/6	3/0
\$29.887	\$20,004	\$32.852	1%	1%	1%
			1 1		0%
					1%
φ2/,/3/	φο,000	φ31,027	1 /0	1 /0	1 /0
¢111196	\$36.70 <i>4</i>	\$112.499	4%	2%	4%
					3%
					5%
φ11 4 ,276	φ4 υ,4/3	φιου,/υΙ	3%	1 %	3%
¢145 742	¢70 770	¢151313	16%	0%	17%
			1 1		
\$137,013	ф1 4 5,250	Ф138,653	15%	8%	16% 19%
	\$252,094 \$257,335 \$258,112 \$157,926 \$162,539 \$166,281 \$32,671 \$33,306 \$35,475 \$130,517 \$126,894 \$118,827 \$16,745 \$20,526 \$25,813 \$52,339 \$50,994 \$44,352 \$123,517 \$166,261 \$137,311 \$75,087 \$87,696 \$63,793 \$29,887 \$21,358 \$27,737	\$252,094 \$257,335 \$241,588 \$258,112 \$243,987 \$157,926 \$162,539 \$166,281 \$166,281 \$166,159 \$32,671 \$33,306 \$37,415 \$35,475 \$33,103 \$130,517 \$105,503 \$126,894 \$110,244 \$118,827 \$103,603 \$16,745 \$20,526 \$20,964 \$25,813 \$17,663 \$52,339 \$90,224 \$50,994 \$67,000 \$44,352 \$130,517 \$103,603 \$16,745 \$17,477 \$20,526 \$20,964 \$25,813 \$17,663 \$52,339 \$90,224 \$104,200 \$44,352 \$139,140 \$137,311 \$45,834 \$75,087 \$87,696 \$39,267 \$63,793 \$46,289 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$29,887 \$21,358 \$30 \$27,737 \$80,000 \$111,196 \$36,704 \$105,778 \$15,000 \$114,296 \$40,475	### All Schools Public Private ### \$252,094 \$224,124 \$256,659 ### \$257,335 \$241,588 \$259,995 ### \$258,112 \$243,987 \$261,174 ### \$157,926 \$155,764 \$158,309 ### \$162,539 \$163,788 \$162,317 ### \$166,281 \$166,159 \$166,308 ### \$32,671 \$31,157 \$32,944 ### \$33,306 \$37,415 \$32,615 ### \$33,306 \$37,415 \$32,615 ### \$33,405 \$31,03 \$36,056 ### \$130,517 \$105,503 \$133,892 ### \$126,894 \$110,244 \$129,400 ### \$118,827 \$103,603 \$121,905 ### \$16,745 \$7,477 \$17,981 ### \$20,526 \$20,964 \$20,426 ### \$25,813 \$17,663 \$28,294 ### \$52,339 \$90,224 \$61,005 ### \$50,994 \$67,000 \$42,991 ### \$44,352 \$31,042 \$57,663 ### \$123,517 \$90,224 \$132,880 ### \$137,311 \$45,834 \$151,384 ### \$75,087 \$63,970 \$79,391 ### \$87,696 \$39,267 \$103,839 ### \$63,793 \$46,289 \$72,544 ### \$29,887 \$20,004 \$32,852 ### \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 ### \$27,737 \$8,000 \$31,027 ### \$111,196 \$36,704 \$118,499 ### \$105,778 \$15,000 \$116,253 ### \$114,296 \$40,475 \$130,701	All Schools Public Private All Schools \$252,094 \$224,124 \$256,659 90% \$257,335 \$241,588 \$259,995 91% \$258,112 \$243,987 \$261,174 92% \$157,926 \$155,764 \$158,309 86% \$162,539 \$163,788 \$162,317 88% \$166,281 \$166,159 \$166,308 91% \$32,671 \$31,157 \$32,944 43% \$333,306 \$37,415 \$32,615 45% \$33,475 \$33,103 \$36,056 49% \$130,517 \$105,503 \$133,892 79% \$126,894 \$110,244 \$129,400 82% \$118,827 \$103,603 \$121,905 87% \$16,745 \$7,477 \$17,981 6% \$20,526 \$20,964 \$20,426 8% \$25,813 \$17,663 \$28,294 9% \$52,339 \$90,224 \$61,005 2% \$50,994 \$67,000 </td <td>All Schools Public Private All Schools Public \$252,094 \$224,124 \$256,659 90% 91% \$257,335 \$241,588 \$259,995 91% 92% \$258,112 \$243,987 \$261,174 92% 95% \$157,926 \$155,764 \$158,309 86% 89% \$162,539 \$163,788 \$162,317 88% 90% \$166,281 \$166,159 \$166,308 91% 94% \$32,671 \$31,157 \$32,944 43% 43% 43% \$33,306 \$37,415 \$32,615 45% 48% \$35,475 \$33,103 \$36,056 49% 61% \$130,517 \$105,503 \$133,892 79% 74% \$126,894 \$110,244 \$129,400 82% 80% \$118,827 \$103,603 \$121,905 87% 89% \$16,745 \$7,477 \$17,981 6% 5% 20,526 \$20,964 \$20,426 8% 10% \$25,813 \$17,663 \$28,294 9% 15% \$52,339 \$90,224 \$61,005 2% 6% \$50,994 \$67,000 \$42,991 1% 2% \$44,352 \$31,042 \$57,663 2% 9% \$123,517 \$90,224 \$132,880 3% 4% \$137,311 \$45,834 \$151,384 4% 5% \$75,087 \$63,970 \$79,391 3% 6% \$63,793 \$46,289 \$72,544 3% 8% \$29,887 \$20,004 \$32,852 1% 1% \$87,696 \$39,267 \$103,839 3% 6% \$63,793 \$46,289 \$72,544 3% 8% \$29,887 \$20,004 \$32,852 1% 1% \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$27,737 \$8,000 \$31,027 1% 1% \$111,196 \$36,704 \$118,499 4% 2% \$115,778 \$15,000 \$116,253 3% 2% \$114,296 \$40,475 \$130,701 5% 7%</td>	All Schools Public Private All Schools Public \$252,094 \$224,124 \$256,659 90% 91% \$257,335 \$241,588 \$259,995 91% 92% \$258,112 \$243,987 \$261,174 92% 95% \$157,926 \$155,764 \$158,309 86% 89% \$162,539 \$163,788 \$162,317 88% 90% \$166,281 \$166,159 \$166,308 91% 94% \$32,671 \$31,157 \$32,944 43% 43% 43% \$33,306 \$37,415 \$32,615 45% 48% \$35,475 \$33,103 \$36,056 49% 61% \$130,517 \$105,503 \$133,892 79% 74% \$126,894 \$110,244 \$129,400 82% 80% \$118,827 \$103,603 \$121,905 87% 89% \$16,745 \$7,477 \$17,981 6% 5% 20,526 \$20,964 \$20,426 8% 10% \$25,813 \$17,663 \$28,294 9% 15% \$52,339 \$90,224 \$61,005 2% 6% \$50,994 \$67,000 \$42,991 1% 2% \$44,352 \$31,042 \$57,663 2% 9% \$123,517 \$90,224 \$132,880 3% 4% \$137,311 \$45,834 \$151,384 4% 5% \$75,087 \$63,970 \$79,391 3% 6% \$63,793 \$46,289 \$72,544 3% 8% \$29,887 \$20,004 \$32,852 1% 1% \$87,696 \$39,267 \$103,839 3% 6% \$63,793 \$46,289 \$72,544 3% 8% \$29,887 \$20,004 \$32,852 1% 1% \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$21,358 \$0 \$27,737 \$8,000 \$31,027 1% 1% \$111,196 \$36,704 \$118,499 4% 2% \$115,778 \$15,000 \$116,253 3% 2% \$114,296 \$40,475 \$130,701 5% 7%

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by survey respondents. ‡Mean taken from responses greater than zero.



Table I.Ia: Median Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt	Debt			# of Students	
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private
Total Osteopathic Medical Education Loans					
2021-2022	\$268,751	\$233,794	\$272,736	456	2,794
2020-2021	\$274,000	\$248,762	\$278,110	379	2,244
2019-2020	\$275,000	\$253,094	\$280,000	421	1,942
Unsubsidized Stafford or FFELP	4=13,000	4 _00,000	4 _00,000		-,
2021-2022	\$179,868	\$175,334	\$180,000	424	2,394
2020-2021	\$181,999	\$178,912	\$182,118	355	2,002
2019-2020	\$181,030	\$179,944	\$181,999	394	1,765
Subsidized Stafford or FFELP	Ψ101,030	Ψ177,711	Ψ101,,,,,	371	1,703
2021-2022	\$23,753	\$20,000	\$24,650	119	659
2020-2021	\$23,179	\$42,842	\$22,972	90	535
2019-2020	\$30,000	\$23,902	\$31,431	102	416
Graduate PLUS	\$30,000	\$23,702	фэт,тэт	102	סוד
2021-2022	\$119,853	\$96,699	\$120,000	271	2,008
2020-2021	\$115,373	\$100,000	\$120,000	244	1,621
2019-2020	\$106,121	\$98,631	\$109,393	292	1,444
Perkins	\$100,121	Ψ70,031	Ψ107,373	272	1,777
2021-2022	\$4,544	\$1,150	\$5,000	10	75
2020-2021	\$5,000	\$5,500	\$5,000	15	66
2019-2020	\$14,125	\$6,127	\$18,500	14	46
Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS)	Ψ11,123	ψ0,127	ψ10,500		10
2021-2022	\$45,174	\$52,174	\$13,001	12	12
2020-2021	\$40,000	\$60,000	\$27,500	3	6
2019-2020	\$43,584	\$27,500	\$27,500 \$50,500	8	8
Primary Care Loan (PCL)	ψτ5,50τ	Ψ27,300	Ψ30,300		0
2021-2022	\$100,000	\$40,000	\$100,000	9	32
2020-2021	\$150,000	\$142,740	\$150,000	4	29
2019-2020	\$100,000	\$35,500	\$100,000	4	26
Other State-Issued Loans	\$100,000	φ35,500	\$100,000	7	20
2021-2022	\$40,000	\$31,500	\$41,000	12	31
2020-2021				8	
2019-2020	\$27,567 \$40,000	\$22,000	\$38,579		24 14
•	\$40,000	\$35,000	\$53,000	7	14
Osteopathic Association Loans 2021-2022	\$1,000	ΦIΛ	Φ11.7EΛ	2	10
2020-2021		\$10	\$11,750	3	
	\$10,000	\$0	\$10,000	0	4
2019-2020	\$25,000	\$8,000	\$26,500	I	6
Alternative Loans 2021-2022	A77.37/	#0 F00	#05 000	F	F1
2021-2022	\$77,376	\$8,500	\$85,000	5	51
	\$80,000	\$15,000	\$99,324	3	26
2019-2020	\$50,000	\$26,426	\$75,000	6	27
Other 2022					
2021-2022	\$100,000	\$42,500	\$101,000	18	214
2020-2021	\$120,000	\$110,000	\$120,000	12	141
2019-2020	\$60,000	\$48,000	\$60,388	23	119

stAll debt data are self-reported by survey respondents.



Table I.2: Mean Non-Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt	Debt [‡]			% in Debt		
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private
At Entry, Loans Owing for Undergraduate Education						
2021-2022	\$47,284	\$43,034	\$47,922	41%	42%	41%
2020-2021	\$51,116	\$46,383	\$51,898	47%	50%	47%
2019-2020	\$51,230	\$50,282	\$51,443	47%	52%	47%
At Entry, Loans Owing for Graduate Education†						
2021-2022	\$99,147	\$98,578	\$99,205	23%	16%	24%
2020-2021	\$51,529	\$53,736	\$51,320	15%	10%	16%
2019-2020	\$47,340	\$42,708	\$48,168	17%	15%	18%
Reported Family Loans to be Repaid by Student						
2021-2022	\$107,408	\$80,722	\$111,268	5%	5%	5%
2020-2021	\$113,542	\$125,467	\$111,698	4%	4%	4%
2019-2020	\$107,192	\$87,868	\$111,928	5%	6%	5%
Reported Non-Educational Debt						
2021-2022	\$29,714	\$29,028	\$29,804	34%	30%	34%
2020-2021	\$30,486	\$28,011	\$30,881	33%	33%	33%
2019-2020	\$25,205	\$23,518	\$25,537	37%	36%	37%

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by respondents of the survey.

Table 1.2a: Median Non-Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt	Debt			# of Students		
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private	
At Entry, Loans Owing for Undergraduate Education						
2021-2022	\$28,126	\$27,000	\$29,000	247	1,647	
2020-2021	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	257	1,555	
2019-2020	\$31,355	\$30,000	\$32,000	296	1,317	
At Entry, Loans Owing for Graduate Education†						
2021-2022	\$50,000	\$53,000	\$50,000	94	928	
2020-2021	\$40,000	\$36,915	\$40,000	46	486	
2019-2020	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	85	475	
Reported Family Loans to be Repaid by Student						
2021-2022	\$63,500	\$80,000	\$60,000	23	159	
2020-2021	\$82,500	\$100,000	\$80,000	15	97	
2019-2020	\$50,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	25	102	
Reported Non-Educational Debt						
2021-2022	\$15,000	\$17,000	\$15,000	167	1,280	
2020-2021	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	161	1,010	
2019-2020	\$15,000	\$13,512	\$15,000	192	973	

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by respondents of the survey.

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

[†] In 2021-2022, the Graduating Senior Survey was updated to collect undergraduate and graduate education debt separately.

[†] In 2021-2022, the Graduating Senior Survey was updated to collect undergraduate and graduate education debt separately.

Table 2.1: Reported Debt and Gender

Gender	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Male	Mean	Median		Students
2021-2022	\$255,208	\$270,575	89%	1,642
2020-2021	\$257,757	\$279,006	91%	1,369
2019-2020	\$258,829	\$278,000	92%	1,203
Female				
2021-2022	\$249,574	\$264,539	91%	1,588
2020-2021	\$257,157	\$270,000	90%	1,216
2019-2020	\$257,337	\$272,527	93%	1,105

Table 2.2: Reported Debt and Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	D ebt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
White	Mean	Median		Students
2021-2022	\$257,987	\$275,000	91%	2,009
2020-2021	\$263,192	\$279,000	91%	1,646
2019-2020	\$257,885	\$275,000	92%	1,569
Asian				
2021-2022	\$230,352	\$240,000	85%	642
2020-2021	\$234,048	\$250,000	88%	531
2019-2020	\$246,574	\$250,000	91%	438
Hispanic/Latino				
2021-2022	\$254,979	\$270,000	91%	290
2020-2021	\$254,239	\$280,000	93%	217
2019-2020	\$278,653	\$299,940	95%	149
Black or African American				
2021-2022	\$295,783	\$303,245	97%	104
2020-2021	\$295,353	\$314,824	95%	62
2019-2020	\$271,715	\$294,597	99%	70
All Others*				
2021-2022	\$243,526	\$252,658	90%	94
2020-2021	\$265,964	\$281,196	87%	72
2019-2020	\$283,660	\$300,000	95%	69

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 2.3: Reported Debt and Marital Status

Marital Status	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Married/Cohabiting	Mean	Median		Students
2021-2022	\$263,233	\$280,000	91%	1,137
2020-2021	\$258,010	\$276,182	92%	974
2019-2020	\$262,627	\$284,318	91%	878
Single				
2021-2022	\$246,720	\$260,000	89%	2,085
2020-2021	\$256,445	\$271,958	90%	1,614
2019-2020	\$255,375	\$270,000	93%	1,459

Table 2.4: Reported Debt and Financial Status

Financial Status	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Independent	Mean	Median		Students
2021-2022	\$269,582	\$285,000	94%	2,159
2020-2021	\$270,399	\$289,000	95%	1,842
2019-2020	\$272,347	\$289,236	95%	1,661
Dependent				
2021-2022	\$218,295	\$224,000	83%	1,066
2020-2021	\$224,910	\$225,000	82%	736
2019-2020	\$221,883	\$224,000	86%	650

‡Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 2.5: Reported Debt and Parental Income

Parental Income	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
\$49,999 or less	Mean	Median		Students
2021-2022	\$267,713	\$282,420	95%	406
2020-2021	\$271,091	\$289,247	95%	349
2019-2020	\$278,823	\$300,000	95%	313
\$50,000 - \$99,999				
2021-2022	\$260,996	\$275,070	95%	85 I
2020-2021	\$266,273	\$280,000	94%	704
2019-2020	\$271,530	\$285,445	97%	690
\$100,000 - \$199,999				
2021-2022	\$254,578	\$270,576	92%	999
2020-2021	\$259,011	\$277,642	92%	767
2019-2020	\$251,391	\$271,088	94%	738
\$200,000 or more				
2021-2022	\$232,512	\$248,000	81%	729
2020-2021	\$235,855	\$249,000	83%	590
2019-2020	\$234,251	\$240,416	84%	480

Table 2.6: Reported Debt and Parental Education

Parental Education [†]	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Graduate/Professional Degree	Mean	Median		Students
2021-2022	\$243,538	\$260,000	86%	1,536
2020-2021	\$248,544	\$260,267	88%	1,202
2019-2020	\$249,705	\$265,000	89%	1,104
Bachelor's Degree				
2021-2022	\$256,143	\$270,000	93%	951
2020-2021	\$261,590	\$278,674	93%	776
2019-2020	\$262,594	\$280,454	95%	677
No College Degree				
2021-2022	\$266,960	\$282,322	94%	723
2020-2021	\$267,941	\$284,097	94%	605
2019-2020	\$269,327	\$283,966	96%	553

[†]Highest education level indicated between mother and father considered.

Table 3.1: Mean Reported Debt, Parental Income, and Financial Independence/Dependence

Parental Income	D	Debt‡		% in [Debt
	Dependent	Independent	Difference	Dependent	Independent
\$49,999 or less					
2021-2022	\$227,859	\$278,347	20%	94%	95%
2020-2021	\$249,249	\$276,738	10%	90%	97%
2019-2020	\$222,932	\$290,493	26%	95%	95%
\$50,000 - \$99,999					
2021-2022	\$226,285	\$272,585	19%	90%	96%
2020-2021	\$240,736	\$273,752	13%	90%	95%
2019-2020	\$255,471	\$277,016	8%	96%	97%
\$100,000 - \$199,999					
2021-2022	\$225,703	\$271,564	18%	88%	94%
2020-2021	\$228,945	\$271,819	17%	85%	95%
2019-2020	\$227,878	\$261,648	14%	91%	95%
\$200,000 or more					
2021-2022	\$207,012	\$254,433	21%	73%	89%
2020-2021	\$206,102	\$255,259	21%	73%	92%
2019-2020	\$193,844	\$264,524	31%	76%	92%

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 3.1a: Median Reported Debt, Parental Income, and Financial Independence/Dependence

Parental Income	D	ebt‡	# of Stu	dents
	Dependent	Independent	Dependent	Independent
\$49,999 or less				
2021-2022	\$244,840	\$300,000	80	325
2020-2021	\$250,232	\$299,000	76	271
2019-2020	\$224,000	\$305,000	55	253
\$50,000 - \$99,999				
2021-2022	\$224,000	\$285,446	213	638
2020-2021	\$245,384	\$286,298	161	542
2019-2020	\$264,396	\$289,500	135	545
\$100,000 - \$199,999				
2021-2022	\$240,000	\$289,000	370	629
2020-2021	\$237,799	\$289,500	227	536
2019-2020	\$234,147	\$284,493	223	509
\$200,000 or more				
2021-2022	\$208,181	\$270,620	337	392
2020-2021	\$200,000	\$281,166	236	353
2019-2020	\$200,000	\$280,000	208	270

Table 4: Osteopathic Education Debt, Consolidation & Repayment Plans

	0/ 64	# of		
Will Consolidate Debt	% Students	Students		
2021-2022	41%	1,944		
2020-2021	39%	1,515		
2019-2020	40%	1,327		
Will Not Consolidate Debt				
2021-2022	28%	1,321		
2020-2021	27%	1,063		
2019-2020	28%	955		
Undecided				
2021-2022	32%	1,508		
2020-2021	34%	1,348		
2019-2020	32%	1,079		
Mean Years to Repay Debt				
2021-2022	12	4,296		
2020-2021	12	3,601		
2019-2020	13	3,124		

Table 5: Osteopathic Education Debt & Loan Forgiveness Participation Plans

Will Participate	% Students	# of Students
2021-2022	60%	2,851
2020-2021	51%	1,995
2019-2020	52%	1,724
Will Not Participate		
2021-2022	40%	1,898
2020-2021	49%	1,903
2019-2020	48%	1,617

Table 6: Percentage of Graduating Seniors Planning Loan Forgiveness Participation By Program

	% Students	# of
Hospital Program	70 Gedaelles	Student
2021-2022	12%	292
2020-2021	23%	732
2019-2020	35%	597
Department of Education's Public Service Loan Forgiveness		
2021-2022	67%	1,576
2020-2021	60%	1,497
2019-2020	80%	1,380
State Loan Forgiveness Program		
2021-2022	6%	138
2020-2021	15%	516
2019-2020	24%	407
National Health Service Corps		
2021-2022	1%	14
2020-2021	4%	153
2019-2020	8%	130
Armed Services (Navy, Army, Air Force)		
2021-2022	0%	2
2020-2021	1%	50
2019-2020	3%	48
Health Resources & Services Admin. Faculty Repayment Program*		
2021-2022	0%	0
2020-2021		
2019-2020		
Indian Health Service Loan Repayment Program		
2021-2022	0%	I
2020-2021	1%	40
2019-2020	2%	36
National Institutes of Health Loan Repayment Program		
2021-2022	0%	I
2020-2021	3%	107
2019-2020	6%	95
Other Loan Forgiveness Programs		
2021-2022	1%	28
2020-2021	3%	101
2019-2020	4%	61

^{*}In 2021-2022 additional loan forgiveness programs were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.



Table 7: Expected Net Income

•	Mean	Mean Median	
One Year After Residency			
2021-2022	\$219,116	\$220,000	\$200,000
2020-2021	\$219,914	\$200,000	\$200,000
2019-2020	\$215,404	\$200,000	\$200,000
Five Years After Residency			
2021-2022	\$299,333	\$300,000	\$300,000
2020-2021	\$297,489	\$275,000	\$300,000
2019-2020	\$283,775	\$250,000	\$300,000
Ten Years After Residency			
2021-2022	\$379,242	\$330,000	\$300,000
2020-2021	\$361,174	\$300,000	\$300,000
2019-2020	\$344,682	\$300,000	\$300,000

Table 8.1: Mean Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Scholarship		Award [‡]				d
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private
Total Scholarships/Grants						
2021-2022	\$65,134	\$50,701	\$68,152	56%	65%	55%
2020-2021	\$63,221	\$36,544	\$68,959	58%	71%	56%
2019-2020	\$63,532	\$48,583	\$67,815	61%	68%	59%
National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Scholarship	. ,	, ,	• •			
2021-2022	\$140,714	\$150,000	\$139,248	2%	2%	2%
2020-2021	\$169,771	\$101,500	\$181,150	1%	2%	1%
2019-2020	\$156,244	\$132,750	\$160,942	3%	3%	3%
Armed Forces Health Professions (AFHP) Scholarship	,	4 10 = 3,100	4 :			
2021-2022	\$233,560	\$218,784	\$235,470	12%	10%	12%
2020-2021	\$259,437	\$235,400	\$261,840	13%	9%	14%
2019-2020	\$237,513	\$235,713	\$237,794	15%	12%	16%
Veterans Affairs Health Professionals Scholarship Program§	Ψ=0.7,0.10	4200,000	4 _0.,	.575	/•	
2021-2022	\$251,311	\$303,333	\$247,309	3%	2%	4%
2020-2021						
2019-2020						
Post-9/11 GI Bill						
2021-2022	\$67,297	\$61,500	\$67,761	2%	1%	2%
2020-2021	\$83,450	\$25,000	\$86,526	2%	1%	2%
2019-2020	\$55,402	\$43,009	\$59,316	3%	4%	3%
Indian Health Service Scholarship	ψ33,102	Ψ 15,007	ψ57,510	3,6	170	370
2021-2022	\$111,169	\$172,333	\$50,004	0%	2%	0%
2020-2021	\$0	\$0	\$0	0%	0%	0%
2019-2020	\$272,000	\$0	\$272,000	0%	0%	0.1%
Department of Defense Tuition Assistance	Ψ272,000	40	Ψ272,000	0,0	0,0	0.170
2021-2022	\$75,378	\$0	\$75,378	0%	0%	0.4%
2020-2021	\$40,100	\$0	\$40,100	0%	0%	0.1%
2019-2020	\$25,000	\$0	\$25,000	0%	0%	0.1%
Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students	Ψ25,000	40	Ψ25,000		0,0	0.170
2021-2022	\$13,998	\$29,571	\$7,185	2%	4%	1%
2020-2021	\$11,490	\$16,463	\$9,577	4%	8%	3%
2019-2020	\$25,120	\$24,032	\$26,140	4%	9%	2%
State Government Scholarship/Grant	Ψ23,120	Ψ24,032	Ψ20,140	176	//6	2/6
2021-2022	\$25,124	\$17,825	\$26,650	6%	7%	6%
2020-2021	\$23,527	\$17,823	\$26,310	8%	11%	7%
2019-2020	\$20,044	\$17,081	\$20,794	11%	12%	10%
Award from Osteopathic Medical School	Ψ20,011	ψ17,001	Ψ20,7 7-1	1176	12/0	1076
2021-2022	\$16,440	\$10,793	\$17,683	33%	40%	32%
2020-2021	\$17,478	\$10,773	\$17,003	40%	54%	37%
2019-2020	\$17,478	\$15,381	\$15,188	39%	44%	38%
Tuition Waiver	\$13,230	\$13,361	φ13,100	37/6	77/0	30%
2021-2022	#40 (4)	COL 101	¢25.770	40/	70/	40/
2020-2021	\$48,642	\$91,191	\$35,779	4%	7% 0%	4%
2019-2020	\$61,314	\$63,270 \$74,665	\$60,581 \$52,975	4% 4%	9% 10%	4% 3%
Osteopathic Association	\$62,354	\$74,665	\$52,975	4%	10%	3%
2021-2022	#7 L40	#0.007	64040	70/	1.30/	40/
2020-2021	\$7,148	\$9,897	\$6,048	7%	13%	6%
	\$9,888	\$13,967	\$8,795	7%	11%	6%
2019-2020	\$6,679	\$10,100	\$4,968	10%	17%	8%

Table 8.1: Mean Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants (Continued)*

Source of Scholarship	A ward [∓]			% Awarded		
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private
Diversity/Minority Scholarship§						
2021-2022	\$10,738	\$4,609	\$12,343	4%	6%	4%
2020-2021						
2019-2020						
Other Sources						
2021-2022	\$24,178	\$20,163	\$25,322	18%	26%	17%
2020-2021	\$26,447	\$8,107	\$30,473	18%	25%	17%
2019-2020	\$35,061	\$26,226	\$37,120	18%	19%	17%

^{*}All award data are self-reported by survey respondents.

Table 8.1a: Median Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Scholarship	Award			# of Students		
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private	
Total Scholarships/Grants						
2021-2022	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	203	971	
2020-2021	\$10,000	\$8,000	\$10,000	171	795	
2019-2020	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	206	719	
National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Scholarship						
2021-2022	\$125,000	\$120,000	\$130,000	3	19	
2020-2021	\$200,000	\$101,500	\$200,000	2	12	
2019-2020	\$147,874	\$113,000	\$147,874	4	20	
Armed Forces Health Professions (AFHP) Scholarship						
2021-2022	\$240,000	\$200,000	\$240,000	19	147	
2020-2021	\$250,000	\$260,000	\$250,000	13	130	
2019-2020	\$240,000	\$225,000	\$240,000	20	128	
Veterans Affairs Health Professionals Scholarship Program§						
2021-2022	\$227,500	\$350,000	\$215,000	3	39	
2020-2021	\$250,000	\$260,000	\$250,000	13	130	
2019-2020	\$240,000	\$225,000	\$240,000	20	128	
Post-9/11 GI Bill						
2021-2022	\$52,000	\$61,500	\$52,000	2	25	
2020-2021	\$37,500	\$25,000	\$40,000	1	19	
2019-2020	\$40,000	\$37,500	\$50,000	6	19	
Indian Health Service Scholarship						
2021-2022	\$131,000	\$200,000	\$10	3	3	
2020-2021	\$0	\$0	\$0	0	0	
2019-2020	\$272,000	\$0	\$272,000	0	I	
Department of Defense Tuition Assistance						
2021-2022	\$755	\$0	\$755	0	4	
2020-2021	\$40,100	\$0	\$40,100	0	2	
2019-2020	\$25,000	\$0	\$25,000	0	I	
Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students						
2021-2022	\$10,000	\$25,000	\$3,000	7	16	
2020-2021	\$8,500	\$16,963	\$5,000	10	26	
2019-2020	\$9,000	\$10,000	\$6,000	15	16	

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

[§]In 2021-2022 additional scholarships/grants were included in the Graduating Senior Survey.

Table 8.1a: Median Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants (Continued)*

Source of Scholarship		Award			# of Students	
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private	
State Government Scholarship/Grant						
2021-2022	\$6,400	\$8,000	\$6,400	14	67	
2020-2021	\$6,000	\$7,500	\$5,633	15	62	
2019-2020	\$6,400	\$8,000	\$6,400	20	79	
Award from Osteopathic Medical School						
2021-2022	\$5,000	\$4,000	\$5,000	96	436	
2020-2021	\$6,000	\$5,000	\$6,000	101	410	
2019-2020	\$6,000	\$5,000	\$6,000	97	347	
Tuition Waiver						
2021-2022	\$43,500	\$84,000	\$20,000	13	43	
2020-2021	\$52,900	\$48,000	\$54,000	12	32	
2019-2020	\$50,000	\$64,000	\$50,000	16	21	
Osteopathic Association						
2021-2022	\$2,500	\$2,750	\$2,000	26	65	
2020-2021	\$3,000	\$5,000	\$2,763	15	56	
2019-2020	\$2,500	\$2,750	\$2,000	30	60	
Diversity/Minority Scholarship§						
2021-2022	\$3,500	\$25,000	\$3,000	П	42	
2020-2021	\$250,000	\$260,000	\$250,000	13	130	
2019-2020	\$240,000	\$225,000	\$240,000	20	128	
Other Sources						
2021-2022	\$5,500	\$7,000	\$5,000	57	200	
2020-2021	\$5,000	\$3,000	\$5,000	36	164	
2019-2020	\$7,000	\$10,000	\$6,400	31	133	

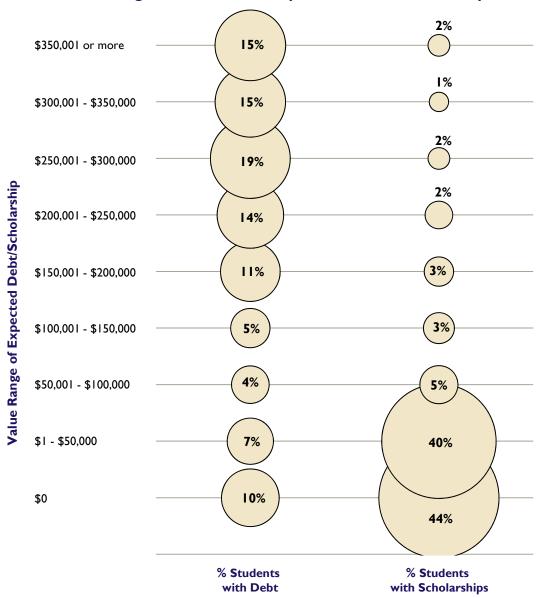
^{*}All award data are self-reported by survey respondents.

 $\mbox{SIn 2021-2022}$ additional scholarships/grants were included in the Graduating Senior Survey.

Table 8.2: Award and AFHP and NHSC Scholarships - Graduating Seniors

Source of Scholarship Mean A		Award [‡] Median Award		% Awarded		
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
Total Scholarships/Grants						
2021-2022	\$50,701	\$68,152	\$10,000	\$10,000	65%	55%
2020-2021	\$36,544	\$68,959	\$8,000	\$10,000	71%	56%
2019-2020	\$48,583	\$67,815	\$10,000	\$10,000	68%	59%
Non-AFHP/NHSC Scholarships						
2021-2022	\$31,411	\$35,506	\$7,500	\$7,500	63%	50%
2020-2021	\$18,980	\$28,024	\$7,000	\$8,000	69%	51%
2019-2020	\$25,927	\$25,982	\$9,000	\$6,800	65%	54%
‡Mean taken from responses greater than zero.	•					

Chart I: Percentage of Students with Reported Debt and Scholarships*



^{*}Bubble sizes are proportional to the percentage/number of students with debt/scholarships and may appear inconsistent due to rounding.

Table 9.1: Scholarship Award and Gender

Gender	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Male	Award‡	Award		Students
2021-2022	\$75,757	\$12,000	55%	556
2020-2021	\$76,075	\$10,000	57%	459
2019-2020	\$82,944	\$15,000	61%	467
Female				
2021-2022	\$55,276	\$9,900	58%	614
2020-2021	\$51,550	\$10,000	60%	491
2019-2020	\$42,941	\$8,000	61%	443

Table 9.1a: Award and Gender

Source of Scholarship/Grant	Mean	Mean Award [‡]		Median Award		% Awarded	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Total Scholarships/Grants							
2021-2022	\$75,757	\$55,276	\$12,000	\$9,900	55%	58%	
2020-2021	\$76,075	\$51,550	\$10,000	\$10,000	57%	60%	
2019-2020	\$82,944	\$42,941	\$15,000	\$8,000	61%	61%	
AFHP Scholarships							
2021-2022	\$242,253	\$219,212	\$250,000	\$213,000	14%	10%	
2020-2021	\$267,060	\$243,467	\$275,500	\$240,000	17%	9%	
2019-2020	\$238,464	\$228,629	\$250,000	\$200,000	22%	8%	
Non-AFHP Scholarships							
2021-2022	\$40,132	\$34,815	\$8,000	\$7,500	50%	55%	
2020-2021	\$27,721	\$30,149	\$8,000	\$8,000	52%	57%	
2019-2020	\$35,453	\$25,895	\$10,000	\$6,545	55%	59%	

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.2: Scholarship Award and Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
White	Award‡	Award		Students
2021-2022	\$70,934	\$11,900	58%	756
2020-2021	\$70,028	\$12,000	60%	635
2019-2020	\$67,168	\$10,500	63%	673
Asian				
2021-2022	\$41,689	\$5,250	45%	184
2020-2021	\$37,178	\$6,000	49%	148
2019-2020	\$54,354	\$6,590	47%	113
Hispanic/Latino				
2021-2022	\$74,287	\$12,500	58%	106
2020-2021	\$68,706	\$10,000	61%	78
2019-2020	\$70,579	\$9,000	61%	59
Black or African American				
2021-2022	\$36,514	\$9,000	70%	53
2020-2021	\$35,763	\$10,244	71%	34
2019-2020	\$30,738	\$7,900	71%	34
All Others*				
2021-2022	\$73,735	\$12,500	59%	45
2020-2021	\$76,722	\$9,500	62%	34
2019-2020	\$40,648	\$6,600	64%	28

 $^{{\}tt \#Mean\ taken\ from\ responses\ greater\ than\ zero}.$

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 9.3: Scholarship Award and Marital Status

Marital Status	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Married/Cohabiting	Award‡	Award		Students
2021-2022	\$78,473	\$16,810	65%	467
2020-2021	\$75,836	\$12,500	63%	385
2019-2020	\$78,328	\$20,000	64%	378
Single				
2021-2022	\$56,272	\$9,000	52%	698
2020-2021	\$54,654	\$8,900	56%	572
2019-2020	\$53,346	\$8,000	59%	538

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.4: Scholarship Award and Financial Status

Financial Status	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Independent	Award [‡]	Award		Students
2021-2022	\$79,619	\$15,000	63%	836
2020-2021	\$71,256	\$11,000	62%	693
2019-2020	\$74,044	\$12,000	66%	691
Dependent				
2021-2022	\$28,265	\$5,760	45%	332
2020-2021	\$41,703	\$8,000	50%	253
2019-2020	\$31,499	\$7,000	48%	216

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.5: Scholarship Award and Parental Income

Parental Income	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
\$49,999 or less	Award [‡]	Award		Students
2021-2022	\$71,192	\$10,750	61%	141
2020-2021	\$57,167	\$10,000	58%	117
2019-2020	\$58,798	\$12,000	66%	129
\$50,000 - \$99,999				
2021-2022	\$61,371	\$10,000	60%	338
2020-2021	\$55,798	\$10,000	62%	275
2019-2020	\$61,241	\$10,000	64%	272
\$100,000 - \$199,999				
2021-2022	\$60,188	\$10,000	58%	362
2020-2021	\$64,477	\$10,000	63%	294
2019-2020	\$67,134	\$10,000	61%	277
\$200,000 or more				
2021-2022	\$73,528	\$9,560	49%	252
2020-2021	\$71,742	\$10,000	52%	211
2019-2020	\$65,156	\$10,000	58%	205

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.6: Scholarship Award and Parental Education

Parental Education [†]	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Graduate/Professional Degree	Award [‡]	Award		Students
2021-2022	\$65,805	\$10,000	54%	571
2020-2021	\$65,902	\$10,000	57%	453
2019-2020	\$64,847	\$10,000	59%	434
Bachelor's Degree				
2021-2022	\$62,366	\$10,000	58%	332
2020-2021	\$61,249	\$10,000	58%	274
2019-2020	\$61,058	\$10,000	62%	255
No College Degree				
2021-2022	\$66,626	\$10,000	60%	262
2020-2021	\$60,581	\$10,000	63%	225
2019-2020	\$64,758	\$11,250	65%	232

[†]Highest education level indicated between mother and father considered.

Table 10: Sources of Funds for Osteopathic Medical Education (% of total cost provided by each source)

	All Schools	Public	Private
Loans			
2021-2022	75%	76%	75%
2020-2021	77%	79%	77%
2019-2020	74%	76%	74%
Scholarships/Grants			
2021-2022	7%	7%	7%
2020-2021	7%	6%	7%
2019-2020	7%	7%	7%
Savings			
2021-2022	2%	2%	3%
2020-2021	2%	2%	2%
2019-2020	2%	1%	2%
Earnings			
2021-2022	1%	2%	1%
2020-2021	1%	1%	1%
2019-2020	1%	1%	1%
Parents			
2021-2022	12%	11%	12%
2020-2021	11%	9%	11%
2019-2020	13%	12%	13%
Relatives			
2021-2022	1%	1%	1%
2020-2021	1%	1%	1%
2019-2020	1%	1%	1%
Other			
2021-2022	1%	1%	1%
2020-2021	1%	2%	1%
2019-2020	2%	2%	2%

 $[\]ensuremath{\sharp}\mbox{Mean}$ taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 11: Evaluation of Quality of Osteopathic Medical Training 2021-2022

	Students					
	2021	-2022	2020-2021		2019-2020	
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Very Satisfied	18%	957	17%	786	19%	775
Satisfied	56%	2,986	56%	2,585	57%	2,279
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	15%	806	16%	74 I	14%	553
Dissatisfied	9%	463	10%	440	8%	334
Very Dissatisfied	2%	122	2%	98	2%	95
Mean Satisfaction Rating*	3.8	5,334	3.8	4,650	3.8	4,036

^{*}Scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "Very Dissatisfied," 5 being "Very Satisfied."

Table 12: Satisfaction Level with Osteopathic Medicine Career Selection 2021-2022

	Students						
	2021	-2022	2020-2021		2019-2020		
	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Very Satisfied	33%	1,736	30%	1,395	35%	1,419	
Satisfied	42%	2,261	42%	1,970	43%	1,716	
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	17%	914	18%	818	15%	609	
Dissatisfied	6%	329	8%	374	6%	235	
Very Dissatisfied	2%	92	2%	94	۱%	57	
Mean Satisfaction Rating*	4.0	5,332	3.9	4,651	4.0	4,036	

^{*}Scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "Very Dissatisfied," 5 being "Very Satisfied."

Table 13: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors, if Starting Over, Would Prefer to Enroll in:

Students					
2021-2022		2020-2021		2019-2020	
%	#	%	#	%	#
43%	2,293	42%	1,955	46%	1,849
10%	515	11%	494	11%	424
42%	2,220	43%	1,992	40%	1,601
5%	289	4%	196	4%	149
	% 43% 10% 42%	% # 43% 2,293 10% 515 42% 2,220	2021-2022 2020 % # % 43% 2,293 42% 10% 515 11% 42% 2,220 43%	2021-2022 2020-2021 % # % # 43% 2,293 42% 1,955 10% 515 11% 494 42% 2,220 43% 1,992	2021-2022 2020-2021 2019- % # % 43% 2,293 42% 1,955 46% 10% 515 11% 494 11% 42% 2,220 43% 1,992 40%

Table 14: Diversity Valued by Osteopathic Medical School - Graduating Seniors 2021-2022

	Students						
	2021	-2022	2020-2021		2019-2020		
	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Strongly Agree	27%	1,420	25%	1,139	29%	1,185	
Agree	44%	2,333	42%	1,962	43%	1,729	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	18%	979	20%	944	18%	705	
Disagree	8%	425	9%	422	8%	303	
Strongly Disagree	3%	171	4%	184	3%	112	
Mean Agreement Rating*	3.8	5,328	3.7	4,651	3.9	4,034	

^{*}Scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "Strong Disagree," 5 being "Strongly Agree."



Table 15: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Satisfaction with Overall Climate/Environment

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Applicable
Able to openly express all identities	31%	44%	14%	5%	3%	3%
Able to connect with someone considered a trusted friend or at least one person who helped with struggles	52%	39%	6%	2%	1%	1%
School was respectful of individuals and groups with various cultural differences	29%	43%	14%	11%	3%	3%
Students were afforded equitable opportunities for success under the same set of standards	32%	44%	16%	5%	3%	1%
Safe and inclusive environment	32%	46%	14%	5%	2%	0%
A visible culture that supported students while on campus	28%	43%	18%	7%	4%	1%
A visible culture that supported students while off campus	22%	35%	24%	12%	7%	1%
Felt safe to raise concerns about discrimination	24%	35%	21%	8%	5%	6%
A process was in place that led to appropriate outcomes when discrimination concerns were raised	19%	30%	23%	6%	3%	19%
School valued and respected the unique attributes students brought to the learning environment	24%	44%	23%	6%	3%	1%
Students continued to received support during clinical years	18%	37%	20%	15%	10%	0%
School promoted a culture of civility	26%	49%	17%	5%	3%	1%

Table 16: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of First Two Years of Medical Education

	Strongly	Agree	Neither Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Nor Disagree		Disagree
Basic and clinical science course objectives were made clear to students	40%	48%	7%	4%	1%
Basic science courses were sufficiently integrated with one another	35%	47%	10%	6%	2%
Basic science courses were sufficiently integrated with clinical training	30%	44%	14%	9%	3%
Course objectives & examination content matched closely	31%	47%	13%	7%	2%
Coursework adequately prepared students for clerkships	27%	47%	15%	9%	3%
The first two years of medical school were well- organized	26%	43%	15%	11%	6%
Students were provided with timely feedback on performance	27%	49%	13%	8%	3%
There was adequate exposure to patient care during the first two years	34%	45%	10%	9%	3%
Osteopathic principles were adequately integrated into coursework	39%	49%	9%	3%	1%
An appropriate amount of training was provided in OMT	43%	43%	9%	4%	2%
There was adequate preparation for COMLEX Level I	27%	41%	14%	12%	6%

Table 17: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Time Devoted to Various Areas of Instruction

Basic medical science 88% 7% 5% Behavioral science 87% 12% 1% Biostatistics 71% 27% 2% Bioterrorism 63% 36% 1% Care of ambulatory patients 88% 9% 2% Care of lederly (geriatrics) 80% 16% 4% Care of patients with HIV/AIDS 69% 30% 1% Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3%		Appropriate	Inadequate	Excessive
Behavioral science 87% 12% 1% Bioterorism 63% 36% 1% Care of ambulatory patients 88% 9% 2% Care of dately (geriatrics) 80% 16% 4% Care of hospitalized patients 83% 17% 0% Care of patients with HIV/AIDS 69% 30% 1% Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11%	Basic medical science		-	
Bioterrorism		87%		
Care of ambulatory patients 88% 9% 2% Care of elderly (geriatrics) 80% 16% 4% Care of hospitalized patients 83% 17% 0% Care of patients with HIV/AIDS 69% 30% 1% Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical parmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 11% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Infectious disease prevention 84% 11% 6% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81%	Biostatistics	71%	27%	2%
Care of elderly (geriatrics) 80% 16% 4% Care of hospitalized patients 83% 17% 0% Care of patients with HIV/AIDS 69% 30% 1% Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Ost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 10% Integrative medicine 81% 11% 2% Legal medicine 81% <td< td=""><td>Bioterrorism</td><td>63%</td><td>36%</td><td>1%</td></td<>	Bioterrorism	63%	36%	1%
Care of hospitalized patients 83% 17% 0% Care of patients with HIV/AIDS 69% 30% 1% Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Ost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infectious disease prevention 84% 11% 6% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine <td< td=""><td>Care of ambulatory patients</td><td>88%</td><td>9%</td><td>2%</td></td<>	Care of ambulatory patients	88%	9%	2%
Care of patients with HIV/AIDS 69% 30% 1% Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% </td <td>Care of elderly (geriatrics)</td> <td>80%</td> <td>16%</td> <td>4%</td>	Care of elderly (geriatrics)	80%	16%	4%
Clinical decision-making 86% 13% 1% Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 9% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Ligal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% <	Care of hospitalized patients	83%	17%	0%
Clinical pharmacology 87% 10% 3% Clinical science 91% 8% 1% Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Medical care cost control 53% 47% <td< td=""><td>Care of patients with HIV/AIDS</td><td>69%</td><td>30%</td><td>1%</td></td<>	Care of patients with HIV/AIDS	69%	30%	1%
Clinical science Cost-effective medical practice Diagnostic skills Drug and alcohol abuse Family/domestic violence Genetics Health promotion & disease prevention Human sexuality Independent learning & self-evaluation Infection control/health care setting Infectious disease prevention Integrative medicine Literature analysis skill Medical care cost control Medical ercord-keeping Medical socioeconomics Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT Nutrition Patient follow-up Patient follow-up Patient follow-up Patient follow-up Public health & community medicine Size Melor diseases Patient for diseases Patient follows Patient follow-up Public health & community Rebel of Medical ercord diseases Patient follows Patient follow-up Public health & community medicine Size Medical for diseases Patient for diseases Patient follows Patient follow-up Patient follow-up Patient interviewing skills Primary care Public health & community medicine Size Medical for diseases Patient follows Size Patient follows Patient fo	Clinical decision-making	86%	13%	1%
Cost-effective medical practice 57% 43% 1% Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Familyldomestic violence 73% 27% 19% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77%	Clinical pharmacology	87%	10%	3%
Diagnostic skills 87% 12% 1% Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30%		91%	8%	1%
Drug and alcohol abuse 83% 16% 1% Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical tehics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11</td>				11
Family/domestic violence 73% 27% 1% Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 11% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Patient education 88% 12%	_			
Genetics 84% 12% 4% Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% <t< td=""><td>Drug and alcohol abuse</td><td>83%</td><td>16%</td><td>1%</td></t<>	Drug and alcohol abuse	83%	16%	1%
Health promotion & disease prevention 90% 9% 1% Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3%	Family/domestic violence	73%	27%	1%
Human sexuality 72% 25% 3% Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% <t< td=""><td>Genetics</td><td>84%</td><td>12%</td><td>4%</td></t<>	Genetics	84%	12%	4%
Independent learning & self-evaluation 84% 11% 6% Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% <td< td=""><td>Health promotion & disease prevention</td><td>90%</td><td>9%</td><td>1%</td></td<>	Health promotion & disease prevention	90%	9%	1%
Infection control/health care setting 89% 11% 1% Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Primary care 87% 3% 9% </td <td>Human sexuality</td> <td>72%</td> <td>25%</td> <td>3%</td>	Human sexuality	72%	25%	3%
Infectious disease prevention 90% 10% 0% Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2%	Independent learning & self-evaluation	84%	11%	6%
Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0%	Infection control/health care setting	89%	11%	1%
Integrative medicine 81% 17% 2% Legal medicine 61% 37% 2% Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0%	Infectious disease prevention	90%	10%	0%
Literature analysis skill 67% 32% 1% Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% <		81%	17%	
Medical care cost control 53% 47% 1% Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% Scree	Legal medicine	61%	37%	2%
Medical ethics 83% 12% 4% Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5% <td>Literature analysis skill</td> <td>67%</td> <td>32%</td> <td>1%</td>	Literature analysis skill	67%	32%	1%
Medical record-keeping 68% 31% 1% Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%<	Medical care cost control	53%	47%	1%
Medical socioeconomics 71% 27% 2% Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Medical ethics	83%	12%	4%
Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT 77% 2% 21% Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Medical record-keeping	68%	31%	1%
Nutrition 67% 30% 2% Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Medical socioeconomics	71%	27%	2%
Pain management 70% 29% 1% Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT	77%	2%	21%
Patient education 88% 12% 1% Patient follow-up 86% 14% 1% Patient interviewing skills 93% 3% 4% Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Nutrition	67%	30%	2%
Patient follow-up Patient interviewing skills Physician-patient relationship Practice management Primary care Public health & community medicine Rehabilitation Research techniques Role of medicine in community Screening for diseases Teamwork with other health professionals 93% 94% 4% 2% 6% 31% 1% 1% 1% 2% 87% 38% 9% 98 88% 11% 12% 2% 88% 11% 15% 5%	Pain management	70%	29%	1%
Patient interviewing skills Physician-patient relationship Practice management Primary care Public health & community medicine Research techniques Role of medicine in community Screening for diseases Teamwork with other health professionals 93% 4% 4% 2% 84% 2% 84% 31% 11% 12% 2% 87% 30% 30% 00% 30% 30% 30% 11% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30	Patient education	88%	12%	1%
Physician-patient relationship 94% 4% 2% Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Patient follow-up	86%	14%	1%
Practice management 69% 31% 1% Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Patient interviewing skills	93%	3%	4%
Primary care 87% 3% 9% Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Physician-patient relationship	94%	4%	2%
Public health & community medicine 86% 12% 2% Rehabilitation 70% 30% 0% Research techniques 63% 36% 1% Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Practice management	69%	31%	1%
Rehabilitation70%30%0%Research techniques63%36%1%Role of medicine in community88%11%1%Screening for diseases94%6%0%Teamwork with other health professionals88%7%5%	Primary care	87%	3%	9%
Research techniques63%36%1%Role of medicine in community88%11%1%Screening for diseases94%6%0%Teamwork with other health professionals88%7%5%	Public health & community medicine	86%	12%	2%
Role of medicine in community 88% 11% 1% Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Rehabilitation	70%	30%	0%
Screening for diseases 94% 6% 0% Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Research techniques	63%	36%	1%
Teamwork with other health professionals 88% 7% 5%	Role of medicine in community	88%	11%	1%
·	Screening for diseases	94%	6%	0%
Therapeutic management 90% 10% 0%	Teamwork with other health professionals	88%	7%	5%
	Therapeutic management	90%	10%	0%
Use of computers 87% 12% 1%	Use of computers	87%	12%	1%
Utilization review & quality improvement 79% 21% 1%	Utilization review & quality improvement	79%	21%	1%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Appropriate" or \geq 10% "Excessive."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Appropriate."



Table 18: Percentage of Time Arranged/Set by COM for Required Clerkships, 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

Students						
2021-2022		2020-2021		-2021 2019-20		
%	#	%	#	%	#	
4%	219	4%	187	4%	142	
6%	286	6%	264	5%	205	
16%	834	17%	759	18%	677	
17%	881	17%	75 I	18%	713	
57%	2,984	56%	2,460	55%	2,137	
	% 4% 6% 16% 17%	% # 4% 219 6% 286 16% 834 17% 881	2021-2022 2020 % # % 4% 219 4% 6% 286 6% 16% 834 17% 17% 881 17%	2021-2022 2020-2021 % # 4% 219 6% 286 16% 834 17% 759 17% 881 17% 751	2021-2022 2020-2021 2019 % # % # % 4% 219 4% 187 4% 6% 286 6% 264 5% 16% 834 17% 759 18% 17% 881 17% 751 18%	

Table 19: Percentage of Time Arranged/Set by COM for Elective/Selective Clerkships, 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

		Students							
	202	2021-2022		2020-2021		-2020			
	%	#	%	#	%	#			
10% or Fewer	44%	2,285	42%	1,850	47%	1,820			
11% - 40%	18%	939	18%	814	20%	777			
41% - 60%	14%	704	14%	615	14%	532			
61% - 80%	12%	600	11%	468	10%	372			
81% - 100%	13%	674	15%	676	10%	372			

Table 20: Advance Notification of Required Clerkship Location, 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

	Students							
	2021-2022		2021-		2021-2022 2020-2021		2019	-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Less than 1 Month	13%	666	12%	522	9%	342		
1 to 3 Months	35%	1,834	37%	1,648	33%	1,291		
3 Months or More	52%	2,691	51%	2,245	58%	2,233		

Table 21: Advance Notification of Elective Clerkship Location, 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

		Students								
	2021	2021-2022		2020-2021		-2020				
	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Less than 1 Month	16%	813	19%	822	12%	470				
1 to 3 Months	56%	2,903	59%	2,597	57%	2,217				
3 Months or More	29%	1,484	23%	1,002	31%	1,181				



Table 22: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Clinical Education - Required Clerkships

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Clear goals and objectives were set	30%	50%	12%	7%	2%
Able to design own goals and objectives	24%	42%	19%	11%	3%
Clear performance objectives were set	26%	48%	15%	9%	2%
Clerkships were well-organized	23%	44%	18%	12%	4%
Rounds were conducted as scheduled	25%	50%	17%	6%	2%
Timely feedback was provided on performance	24%	48%	16%	9%	3%
Too large a role by residents in teaching and evaluation	13%	20%	25%	31%	12%
Appropriate diversity of patients and their health issues	34%	52%	9%	4%	1%
Appropriate number of inpatient experiences	33%	45%	9%	9%	4%
Each clerkship had an osteopathic orientation	15%	27%	22%	25%	11%
Osteopathic principles & practice (OPP) were well-integrated in at least one clerkship	27%	46%	13%	9%	5%
Appropriate technology usage for situation	33%	54%	9%	3%	1%
Able to work on a personal basis with patients	42%	50%	7%	1%	1%
Attending modeled excellent patient relationship/communication skills	34%	51%	12%	3%	1%
Support staff was friendly and supportive	34%	49%	12%	4%	1%
Coverage hours were set and finished on time	26%	50%	16%	7%	2%
Was asked relevant and pertinent questions on patient diagnosis, treatment options, management, and follow-up care	34%	54%	9%	2%	1%
Felt free to ask questions	38%	50%	10%	2%	1%
The attending seemed interested in my opinions	28%	47%	17%	5%	2%
Personal concerns were addressed by the attending while on rotation	28%	48%	17%	5%	2%
Was treated with respect	34%	51%	11%	2%	1%
Able to discuss progress on rotation with attending	30%	53%	12%	4%	1%
Attending critically evaluated me during rotation	29%	53%	13%	4%	1%
Able to discuss the final rotation evaluation with the attending	24%	42%	17%	12%	4%
Attending based the evaluation on direct observation	28%	52%	15%	4%	1%
Able to meet & discuss areas of concern with the attending outside of the clinical setting	22%	40%	21%	13%	3%
Lived a reasonable distance from rotation sites	29%	48%	13%	7%	3%
Rotations prepared me for examinations	23%	46%	18%	9%	4%
Testing was provided at end of each rotation	48%	46%	5%	1%	1%
Adequate preparation for COMLEX-USA Level 2-CE	26%	46%	14%	10%	4%
Adequate assessment of patient encounters	27%	47%	16%	7%	3%



Table 23: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Clinical Education - Selective/Elective Clerkships

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Clear goals and objectives were set	30%	51%	12%	5%	2%
Able to design own goals and objectives	32%	50%	13%	4%	1%
Clear performance objectives were set	30%	51%	13%	5%	2%
Clerkships were well-organized	29%	50%	14%	5%	2%
Rounds were conducted as scheduled	30%	52%	14%	3%	1%
Timely feedback was provided on performance	30%	53%	13%	4%	1%
Too large a role by residents in teaching and evaluation	15%	27%	23%	26%	9%
Appropriate diversity of patients and their health issues	38%	51%	8%	1%	1%
Appropriate number of inpatient experiences	37%	50%	9%	3%	1%
Each clerkship had an osteopathic orientation	22%	35%	19%	16%	8%
Osteopathic principles and practice (OPP) were well- integrated in at least one clerkship	24%	40%	18%	11%	7%
Appropriate technology usage for situation	36%	53%	9%	2%	1%
Able to work on a personal basis with patients	41%	49%	8%	1%	1%
Attending modeled excellent patient relationship/communication skills	39%	51%	9%	1%	1%
Support staff was friendly and supportive	38%	50%	9%	2%	1%
Coverage hours were set and finished on time	32%	52%	12%	3%	1%
Was asked relevant and pertinent questions on patient diagnosis, treatment options, management, and follow-up care	37%	53%	8%	1%	1%
Felt free to ask questions	40%	50%	8%	1%	1%
Attending seemed interested in my opinions	35%	50%	12%	3%	1%
Personal concerns were addressed by the attending while on rotation	33%	51%	13%	2%	1%
Was treated with respect	39%	50%	9%	1%	1%
Able to discuss progress on rotation with attending	34%	53%	10%	2%	1%
Attending critically evaluated me during rotation	33%	53%	10%	2%	1%
Able to discuss the final rotation evaluation with the attending	30%	46%	14%	8%	2%
Attending based the evaluation on direct observation	34%	53%	11%	2%	1%
Able to meet and discuss areas of concern with the attending outside of the clinical setting	28%	45%	16%	8%	2%
Lived a reasonable distance from rotation sites	30%	49%	13%	6%	3%
Adequate preparation for COMLEX-USA Level 2-CE	25%	47%	18%	7%	3%

Table 24: Graduating Seniors Who Applied To Elective MD Rotations through VSLO

			Stude	ents		
	2021-2022		2021-2022 2020-2021		2019-2	2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Did Apply through VSLO	72%	3,682	66%	2,856	74%	2,773
Did Not Apply through VSLO	25%	1,296	32%	1,370	24%	898
Unsure	3%	155	2%	102	2%	63
Total	100%	5,133	100%	4,328	100%	3,734

Table 25: Applications to Elective MD Rotations through VSLO

	Mean									
	2021-20	022	2020-2021		2019-20	020				
	# of Elective	# of	# of Elective	# of	# of Elective	# of				
	Rotations	Students	Rotations	Students	Rotations	Students				
Number of Applications	20.4	3,642	17.8	2,809	18.4	2,691				
Number of Acceptances	3.1	3,638	1.8	2,816	3.8	2,730				
Number of Rotations Completed	2.0	3,649	1.3	2,816	2.4	2,732				

Table 26: Experienced Barriers when Applying through VSLO

	Stud 2021-	
	%	#
Yes	60%	2,187
No	41%	1,487
Total	100%	3,674

Table 27: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Confidence Level to Perform Certain Examinations

	Completely	Mostly	Fairly	Not at All	No Opportunity
	Confident	Confident	Confident	Confident	to Perform
General adult examination	56%	36%	7%	0%	0%
General pediatric examination	31%	40%	24%	5%	1%
Well-baby examination	25%	33%	30%	11%	1%
Breast and pelvic examination	26%	33%	28%	11%	2%
Prostate and testicular examination	19%	31%	29%	16%	4%
Osteopathic structural examination	38%	35%	21%	5%	1%
Sports participation examination	33%	38%	21%	6%	3%

 $\label{light-blue} \textit{Light blue highlighted categories are those where } \leq 70\% \; \textit{are "Completely Confident"} \; + \; "\textit{Mostly Confident."}$

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Completely Confident" + "Mostly Confident."

Table 28: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Various Academic Services

	Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neither Satisfied Nor Dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Strongly Dissatisfied
Academic counseling	20%	41%	20%	13%	6%
Accessibility to administration	19%	41%	21%	13%	7%
Awareness of student problems by administration	16%	34%	21%	19%	11%
Career counseling	17%	33%	24%	17%	8%
Computer resource center	30%	48%	17%	4%	2%
Disability insurance	13%	24%	56%	5%	3%
Electronic communication (e-mail, Internet/Intranet)	25%	52%	15%	6%	3%
Faculty mentoring	20%	39%	20%	15%	7%
Financial aid administration services	27%	45%	21%	4%	3%
Library	33%	46%	16%	4%	2%
Participation of students on key medical school committees	23%	47%	23%	5%	3%
Personal counseling	21%	37%	30%	8%	5%
Student health insurance	14%	31%	31%	14%	11%
Student health services	16%	36%	32%	10%	7%
Student relaxation space	17%	37%	27%	13%	7%
Student study space	21%	46%	16%	11%	6%
Research or Scholarly activity involvement	14%	35%	30%	14%	8%
Tutorial help	17%	39%	35%	6%	4%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where ≤ 70% are "Very Satisfied" + "Satisfied."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Very Satisfied" + "Satisfied."



Table 29: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Training in Osteopathic Manipulative Treatment, Principles, and Practice

	Strongly	Agree	Neither Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Nor Disagree		Disagree
Well-prepared to diagnose structural problems	36%	49%	11%	3%	1%
Well-prepared to treat structural problems	31%	49%	14%	5%	2%
Well-prepared to document findings in a structural examination	32%	49%	13%	4%	2%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during first two years in medical school	50%	41%	7%	1%	1%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during in-hospital rotations	18%	33%	19%	21%	9%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during ambulatory primary care rotations	24%	49%	15%	8%	4%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during ambulatory non- primary care rotations	19%	33%	21%	20%	7%
Had osteopathic physician role models during the first two years in medical school	35%	47%	13%	4%	2%
Had osteopathic physician role models during required inhospital rotations	21%	37%	18%	17%	7%
Had osteopathic physician role models during ambulatory primary care rotations	25%	47%	15%	9%	4%
Had osteopathic physician role models during ambulatory non-primary care rotations	21%	37%	21%	15%	6%
Had osteopathic physician role models during selectives/electives	22%	41%	19%	12%	6%

Table 30: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Training in Geriatric Care

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Can identify situations where co-morbid conditions, life expectancy, and/or functional status should modify (or override) standard recommendations for screening tests in older adults	34%	53%	10%	2%	1%
Can anticipate and identify hazards of hospitalization for older adults	33%	56%	9%	1%	1%
Can identify those medications that should be avoided or used with caution in older adults	31%	57%	10%	2%	1%
Can differentiate the clinical presentations of delirium, dementia, and depression in older adults	32%	55%	11%	2%	1%
Can assess a patient's self-care/functional capacity, e.g. ADLs & IADLs	29%	55%	12%	3%	1%
Can assess an older adult patient's fall risk, identify underlying causative factors, and make recommendations for further evaluation and initial management	28%	55%	13%	3%	1%
Can describe the differences in the presenting signs, symptoms, and laboratory findings of common conditions in older, as compared to younger, adults	29%	57%	11%	2%	1%

Table 31: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of how confident are you in your current ability to perform the following activities

	(5) Very Confident	(4)	(3)	(2)	(I) Not at All Confident
Perform an accurate, complete or focused history and physical exam in a prioritized, organized manner without supervision and with respect for the patient.	70%	24%	5%	0%	0%
Integrate patient data to formulate an assessment and develop a list of potential diagnoses that can be prioritized, leading to a selection of a working diagnosis.	58%	35%	6%	1%	0%
Select and interpret common diagnostic and screening tests using evidence-based and cost-effective principles when approaching a patient in any setting.	54%	39%	6%	1%	0%
Write safe and indicated orders and prescribe therapies or interventions in a variety of settings (e.g. inpatient, ambulatory, urgent or emergent care) without direct supervision.	37%	42%	13%	6%	2%
Provide accurate, focused and context-specific documentation of a clinical encounter in either written or electronic formats.	60%	33%	6%	1%	0%
Present a concise oral summary of a patient encounter to achieve a shared understanding of the patient's condition.	58%	34%	6%	1%	0%
Identify key clinical questions in caring for patients, identify information resources, and retrieve information and evidence that will be used to address those questions.	57%	36%	6%	1%	0%
Perform safe and effective transitions of responsibility for patient care from one health care team or practitioner to another.	48%	39%	9%	3%	1%
Participate as a contributing and integrated member of an interprofessional team and fully embrace the value of teamwork in patient care.	64%	29%	6%	1%	0%
Promptly recognize a patient who requires urgent or emergent care, initiate evaluation and treatment, and seek help.	59%	34%	6%	1%	0%
Obtain consent for tests and/or procedures for which I know the indications, contraindications, alternatives, risks and benefits.	52%	37%	9%	2%	1%
Understand systems, identify system failures, and intervene in systems to improve quality and safety in health care.	45%	39%	12%	3%	1%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)." Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)."

Table 32: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of how confident you are in your current ability to perform the following skills without direct supervision (i.e., with no supervisor in the room)

	(5) Very Confident	(4)	(3)	(2)	(I) Not at All Confident
Intravenous (IV) line insertion	19%	30%	15%	17%	19%
Phlebotomy	20%	29%	15%	16%	19%
Bag-valve-mask (BVM) ventilation	41%	35%	12%	7%	6%
Cardiopulmonary (CPR)	40%	38%	12%	6%	4%
OMT simple laceration or excision repair	43%	33%	14%	5%	5%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)." Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)."

Table 33: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of School's Involvement in Clerkship Years

	Students	
	%	#
Adequate Involvement	47%	2,421
Some, but Inadequate, Involvement	32%	1,676
Outstanding involvement	12%	601
Excessive Involvement	2%	2
Not Involved	8%	392

Table 34: Type of School Involvement During Clerkship Years, 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

	Stud	dents
	%	#
E-Mail	80%	4,429
Virtual Platforms	64%	3,509
Learning Management System	49%	2,717
Distance Learning	46%	2,561
Clinical Skills Assessment	43%	2,376
COMLEX-USA Level 2-CE Preparation	39%	2,171
Newsletter	24%	1,339
Faculty Visits	14%	750
	1	

Table 35: Percentage of Time Devoted to Various Activities During Clerkship Years, 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

	Student	ts' Time
	%	#
Inpatient Care, Including Reading X-ray Films and Laboratory Work	35%	5,146
Outpatient Care	30%	5,146
Test Preparation	16%	5,146
Residency Application Activities	10%	5,146
Research	3%	5,146
Extended/Long-Term Care	3%	5,146
Other	3%	5,146

Table 36: COMLEX-USA and USMLE Examinations - 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors

			Stud	dents	_	
COMLEX-USA	2021-2022		2020-2021		2019-2020	
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Level 1 – Passed 1st Attempt	95%	4,842	95%	4,096	95%	3,540
Level 2-CE – Passed 1st Attempt	96%	4,889	97%	4,152	97%	3,610
USMLE						
Step 1 – Attempted Examination	68%	3,463	63%	2,730	57%	2,121
Step 1 – Passed 1st Attempt*	96%	3,327	97%	2,652	97%	2,062
Step 2 CK — Attempted Examination	57%	2,896	55%	2,366	50%	1,841
Step 2 CK – Passed 1st Attempt*	98%	2,822	98%	2,326	98%	1,803

 $^{{}^*\}mathsf{Percentage}$ of those attempting the respective examinations.

Table 37: Interprofessional Medical Education Participation - Graduating Seniors 2021-2022

	Students					
	2021	2021-2022		2020-2021		-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Did Participate	83%	4,262	84%	3,602	83%	3,063
Did Not Participate	13%	663	12%	506	14%	500
Unsure	4%	188	5%	192	4%	145

Table 38: Types of Interprofessional Medical Education - Graduating Seniors 2021-2022

	Students Participating						
	2021	-2022	2020-2021		2019	-2020	
	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Preclinical Education	83%	3,710	88%	3,276	81%	2,597	
Pharmacy	72%	3,209	77%	2,817	76%	2,424	
Nursing	65%	2,887	76%	2,789	73%	2,329	
Clinical Education	61%	2,694	64%	2,392	70%	2,229	
Physician Assistant	58%	2,596	60%	2,187	64%	2,044	
MD Medicine	44%	1,949	45%	1,645	47%	1,518	
Advance Practice Nursing (NPs)*	43%	1916					
Physical Therapy	41%	1,809	45%	1,644	45%	1,433	
Social Work	38%	1,687	37%	1,344	38%	1,215	
Occupational Therapy	28%	1,242	32%	1,152	31%	990	
Dentistry	22%	1,000	26%	946	28%	881	
Podiatry	19%	864	23%	829	24%	784	
Psychology	19%	850	19%	688	21%	665	
Public Health	14%	624	17%	624	14%	461	
Optometry*	9%	396					
Veterinary Medicine	7%	330	9%	317	9%	281	
Other	3%	114	5%	161	4%	Ш	

^{*}In 2021-2022 additional participating health profession programs were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 39: Settings of Interprofessional Medical Education - Graduating Seniors 2021-2022

	Students Participating					
	2021	-2022	2020-2021		2019	-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Patient-Centered Case Studies	57%	2,546	63%	2,314	61%	1,950
Active Engagement with Patients	55%	2,432	60%	2,212	62%	1,994
Lecture (Clinical Subject)	42%	1,891	47%	1,722	49%	1,560
Clinical Simulations	39%	1,718	48%	1,751	44%	1,406
Skills Training in Team Settings	33%	1,483	37%	1,327	37%	1,178
Lecture (Basic Science)	31%	1,381	35%	1,279	34%	1,091
Community Projects or Service Learning	20%	868	25%	908	23%	732
Other	3%	142	2%	86	3%	89



Table 40: 2021-2022 Participating Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Interprofessional Medical Education

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
The learning experiences with other health professionals helped me to better understand the roles of other health professionals in patient care.	24%	38%	12%	4%	2%
I believe the learning experiences with other health professionals will contribute to/improve my performance as an osteopathic physician.	27%	35%	12%	4%	2%

Table 41: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Percentage of Training Delivered by MD Physicians

	None	I%-25%	26%-50%	51%-75%	76%-100%
During the First Two Years of Medical School	4%	42%	38%	14%	3%
During Required In-Hospital Rotations	1%	7%	30%	42%	21%
During Required Ambulatory Primary Care Rotations	4%	15%	37%	30%	15%
During Required Ambulatory Non-Primary Care Rotations	3%	12%	36%	32%	18%
During Selectives/Electives	1%	9%	31%	36%	23%

Table 42: Immediate Post-Graduate Plans, Graduating Seniors‡

	Stu	dents	Ge	ender			Race-Ethni	icity	
	%	#	Male	Female	White	Asian	Hispanic/	Black or	All Others
							Latino	African	
Osteopathic Focus/Integrated Residency								American	
2021-2022	0%	22	0%	1%	1%	1%	%	1%	0%
2020-2021									
2019-2020									
ACGME transitional year with Osteopathic									
Recognition									
2021-2022	2%	73	2%	1%	1%	1%	3%	2%	1%
2020-2021	2%	78	3%	1%	2%	2%	1%	4%	2%
2019-2020	3%	88	3%	2%	2%	2%	5%	5%	4%
ACGME transitional year without Osteopathic									
Recognition									
2021-2022	5%	229	6%	3%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%
2020-2021	6%	235	7%	5%	6%	5%	6%	2%	6%
2019-2020	4%	150	5%	3%	4%	5%	5%	2%	7%
ACGME Residency w/ Osteopathic Recognition									
2021-2022	25%	1,227	25%	24%	24%	25%	23%	24%	29%
2020-2021	27%	1,097	27%	27%	27%	27%	28%	28%	25%
2019-2020	27%	956	27%	28%	28%	26%	29%	31%	24%
ACGME Residency w/o Osteopathic Recognition									
2021-2022	63%	3,158	60%	67%	63%	64%	64%	65%	58%
2020-2021	59%	2,425	55%	62%	59%	59%	54%	58%	58%
2019-2020	60%	2,131	56%	63%	59%	63%	54%	55%	61%
Research or Other Non-Residency Activity									
2021-2022	1%	71	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	3%
2020-2021	2%	66	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	1%
2019-2020	1%	33	1%	1%	1%	۱%	0%	3%	1%
Governmental/military service residency with									
Osteopathic Recognition									
2021-2022	2%	73	2%	1%	2%	۱%	2%	1%	3%
2020-2021	2%	60	2%	1%	2%	۱%	2%	0%	2%
2019-2020	2%	57	2%	1%	2%	۱%	3%	2%	0%
Governmental/military service residency without									
Osteopathic Recognition									
2021-2022	2%	104	2%	2%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%
2020-2021	2%	84	3%	1%	2%	1%	2%	2%	5%
2019-2020	2%	86	4%	2%	3%	1%	3%	0%	3%
Undecided									
2021-2022	1%	56	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%
2020-2021	2%	92	2%	2%	1%	3%	5%	4%	2%
2019-2020	1%	46	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	1%
Total									
2021-2022	100%	5,013	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2020-2021	100%	4,137	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2019-2020	100%	3,547	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

[‡] In 2021-2022 AACOM updated the "Immediate Post-Graduate Plans" question to align with the Single Graduate Medical Education Accreditation System.

Table 43: Board Certification Plans - Graduating Seniors

	Stu	dents	Ge	Gender		I	Race-Ethni	icity	
	%	#	Male	Female	White	Asian	Hispanic/ Latino	Black or African American	All Others*
Osteopathic AOA Boards									
2021-2022	38%	1,901	37%	40%	38%	40%	38%	32%	40%
2020-2021	34%	1,393	31%	38%	33%	35%	38%	36%	31%
2019-2020	32%	1,121	28%	37%	31%	33%	36%	43%	31%
Both AOA and ABMS Boards									
2021-2022	21%	1,034	21%	21%	19%	23%	22%	30%	21%
2020-2021	19%	767	19%	18%	17%	21%	19%	26%	24%
2019-2020	18%	651	19%	18%	18%	20%	19%	18%	14%
Allopathic ABMS Boards									
2021-2022	11%	521	13%	8%	11%	9%	10%	14%	10%
2020-2021	17%	686	20%	12%	17%	16%	15%	9%	13%
2019-2020	21%	731	24%	17%	21%	21%	16%	19%	28%
Other							. 0,0		
2021-2022	1%	36	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%
2020-2021	1%	25	1%	0%	0%	1%	2%	0%	1%
2019-2020	0%	11	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%
Not Planning Board Certification									
2021-2022	0%	12	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
2020-2021	0%	7	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
2019-2020	0%	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Undecided									
2021-2022	30%	1,478	29%	30%	31%	26%	29%	24%	29%
2020-2021	30%	1,258	29%	32%	32%	27%	26%	28%	32%
2019-2020	29%	1,026	29%	29%	30%	26%	27%	20%	27%
Total		,					,-	- 7-	
2021-2022	100%	4,982	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2020-2021	100%	4,136	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2019-2020	100%	3,542	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 44: Reasons Given for Taking ABMS (Allopathic) or Both Boards*

			St	udents		
	2021	-2022	202	0-202 I	2019	9-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
ABMS board certification is more widely recognized	72%	1,115	71%	1,030	70%	973
ABMS board certification provides more opportunities	61%	947	59%	850	60%	828
ABMS board certification has more colleague acceptance	41%	639	51%	740	50%	691
Hospital privileges more readily obtained with ABMS board certification	34%	526	39%	559	37%	512
ABMS board certification carries more prestige	34%	530	38%	550	36%	491
Personal desire for dual certification	36%	565	31%	443	27%	378
Licenses more readily obtained with ABMS board certification	31%	474	35%	505	32%	437
It is a requirement of the residency program	21%	325	20%	293	28%	383
Other	6%	88	8%	122	8%	104

^{*}Each respondent indicating plans to take ABMS or both boards could choose one or more of the listed reasons influencing board certification choice.



Table 45: Long-Range Career Plans, Graduating Seniors

	Sto	udents	Ge	ender		I	Race-Ethni		
	%	#	Male	Female	White	Asian	Hispanic/ Latino	Black or African American	All Others
Hospital or Other Type of Private Practice									
2021-2022	40%	1,976	38%	42%	43%	36%	32%	37%	37%
2020-2021	60%	2,481	58%	62%	64%	59%	54%	51%	48%
2019-2020	62%	2,176	59%	64%	63%	61%	59%	47%	63%
Self-Employed, with or without a Partner									
2021-2022	11%	541	12%	10%	10%	12%	15%	8%	13%
2020-2021	12%	492	14%	10%	12%	11%	12%	11%	13%
2019-2020	11%	372	12%	9%	11%	10%	9%	13%	5%
Practice in an HMO							.,,		
2021-2022	2%	104	2%	2%	2%	4%	2%	1%	2%
2020-2021	2%	72	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	2%
2019-2020	3%	90	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	2%	5%
Academic Medicine§							_,,		
2021-2022	4%	202	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	5%	6%
2020-2021									
2019-2020									
Fellowship§									
2021-2022	23%	1,115	24%	22%	22%	25%	24%	19%	18%
2020-2021									
2019-2020									
Government, NHSC, Military, VA, etc.									
2021-2022	4%	213	5%	4%	5%	2%	5%	5%	8%
2020-2021	5%	193	5%	4%	5%	2%	7%	4%	11%
2019-2020	5%	182	7%	4%	6%	4%	7%	5%	3%
Other Professional Activity							.,,		
2021-2022	1%	65	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	2%	1%
2020-2021	6%	243	6%	6%	5%	7%	7%	16%	2%
2019-2020	7%	234	6%	8%	6%	8%	9%	12%	7%
Undecided							.,,		
2021-2022	15%	744	14%	16%	13%	15%	17%	24%	15%
2020-2021	16%	65 I	15%	15%	13%	18%	19%	17%	24%
2019-2020	14%	485	14%	13%	13%	14%	13%	21%	13%
Total	1.75		.,3	, -		,3	. 370	,0	- 374
2021-2022	100%	4,960	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2020-2021	100%	4,132	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2019-2020	100%	3,539	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

[§]In 2021-2022 additional long-range career plans were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 46: Plans to Work as a Hospitalist*

	Students									
	2021-	-2022	2020	-2021	2019-2	2020				
	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Yes	24%	1,170	22%	906	23%	809				
No	47%	2,325	46%	1,884	46%	1,642				
Unsure	30%	1,481	33%	1,345	31%	1,090				
Total	100%	4,976	100%	4,135	100%	3,541				

Table 47: Planned Patient Care as a Hospitalist*

			Stud	lents		
	2021-	2022	2020-	-2021	2019-2	2020
Full-time (at least 36 hours a week)	% 82% 13%	# 954 154	% 78%	# 707	% 76%	# 617
Part-time (less than 36 hours a week) Unsure	5%	60	13% 9%	119 79	16% 8%	125 67
Total	100%	1,168	100%	905	100%	809

Table 48: Planned Research Involvement as a Hospitalist*

			Stu	dents		
	2021-	2022	2020)-202 I	2019-2	020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Involved in a limited way	54%	627	54%	492	55%	444
Significantly Involved	15%	169	14%	125	13%	105
Full-time	7%	77	4%	33	3%	22
Unsure	25%	296	28%	255	29%	238
Total	100%	1,169	100%	3,768	100%	809

Table 49: Size of Location Planned for Practice After Residency

	Students								
	202	I-2022	202	20-2021	201	9-2020			
	%	#	%	#	%	#			
Major Metropolitan Area (1,000,001 +)	19%	940	18%	753	17%	605			
Metropolitan Area (500,001 - 1,000,000)	20%	1,001	18%	745	20%	697			
City (100,001 - 500,000)	24%	1,170	24%	998	24%	841			
City (50,001 - 100,000)	11%	529	11%	448	12%	410			
City or Town (10,001 - 50,000)	11%	557	12%	482	11%	402			
City or Town (2,501 - 10,000)	4%	183	4%	180	4%	126			
Area 2,500 or less	1%	41	1%	21	1%	37			
Undecided	11%	526	12%	473	11%	402			
Total	100%	4,947	100%	4,100	100%	3,520			



Table 50: Plans to Practice in Underserved/Shortage Area

			Stu	dents		
	2021	-2022	2020	-2021	2019	-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Yes	43%	2,134	41%	1,696	40%	1,426
No	15%	746	16%	648	16%	558
Unsure	42%	2,085	43%	1,774	44%	1,547
Total	100%	4,965	100%	4,118	100%	3,531

Table 51: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Underserved/Shortage Areas

		Students								
	202	21-2022	2020)-202 I	2019-202					
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Male	40%	992	38%	787	37%	666				
Female	47%	1,121	45%	846	45%	700				
Race/Ethnicity										
White	43%	1,244	40%	962	40%	862				
Asian	36%	394	39%	342	39%	280				
Hispanic/Latino	49%	216	49%	161	44%	99				
Black or African American	69%	103	69%	69	80%	76				
All Others*	53%	80	35%	44	38%	39				
Marital Status										
Married/Cohabiting	47%	770	45%	629	43%	531				
Single	42%	1,334	40%	1,007	40%	852				
Financial Status		,	10,0	,						
Independent	47%	1,436	45%	1,138	44%	979				
Dependent	37%	661	36%	461	35%	379				
Parental Income										
\$49,999 and less	54%	308	50%	249	48%	213				
\$50,000 - \$99,999	48%	564	44%	426	44%	396				
\$100,000 - 199,999	41%	554	39%	430	41%	414				
\$200,000 or more	39%	488	38%	380	35%	277				
Parental Education										
Graduate/Professional Degree	41%	1,004	41%	796	40%	671				
Bachelor's Degree	44%	580	39%	429	41%	376				
No College Degree	47%	509	45%	396	43%	331				

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 52: Plans to Practice in Underserved/Shortage Area by Type

			Stu	dents		
	2021	-2022	2020	-2021	2019	-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Inner-city	31%	650	43%	73 I	47%	662
Rural	40%	845	49%	829	45%	646
Suburban/Urban*	26%	547				
Other	4%	87	8%	131	8%	114
Total	100%	2,129	100%	1,691	100%	1,422

^{*}In 2021-2022 additional underserved/shortage area types were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 53: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Inner-city Underserved/Shortage Areas

		Students								
	2021	-2022	2020)-202 I	2019	9-2020				
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Male	25%	252	39%	304	42%	281				
Female	35%	393	47%	393	51%	353				
Race/Ethnicity										
White	25%	304	31%	297	37%	317				
Asian	42%	164	67%	229	65%	181				
Hispanic/Latino	34%	74	54%	87	61%	60				
Black or African American	55%	57	75%	52	71%	53				
All Others*	26%	21	43%	19	56%	22				
Marital Status			10,0							
Married/Cohabiting	25%	190	33%	209	38%	199				
Single	34%	452	50%	497	52%	444				
Financial Status										
Independent	29%	413	39%	443	44%	426				
Dependent	35%	228	53%	243	54%	205				
Parental Income										
\$49,999 and less	35%	107	51%	128	52%	110				
\$50,000 - \$99,999	29%	161	44%	187	46%	180				
\$100,000 - 199,999	29%	159	39%	165	45%	186				
\$200,000 or more	33%	161	42%	159	46%	127				
Parental Education										
Graduate/Professional Degree	31%	306	40%	320	47%	316				
Bachelor's Degree	30%	171	44%	189	47%	174				
No College Degree	32%	161	47%	184	46%	151				

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 54: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Rural Underserved/Shortage Areas

		Students						
	2021	-2022	2020)-202 I	201	9-2020		
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Male	45%	441	54%	424	50%	335		
Female	35%	395	45%	382	41%	284		
Race/Ethnicity								
White	51%	639	61%	588	55%	474		
Asian	16%	62	27%	91	25%	71		
Hispanic/Latino	33%	71	39%	62	36%	15		
Black or African American	16%	16	15%	10	20%	36		
All Others*	33%	26	46%	20	39%	15		
Marital Status								
Married/Cohabiting	50%	387	61%	382	55%	291		
Single	34%	447	42%	419	39%	335		
Financial Status								
Independent	44%	631	53%	604	48%	469		
Dependent	31%	202	40%	184	38%	145		
Parental Income								
\$49,999 and less	36%	109	42%	104	43%	91		
\$50,000 - \$99,999	43%	245	49%	210	45%	176		
\$100,000 - 199,999	40%	219	52%	224	48%	199		
\$200,000 or more	37%	182	51%	194	44%	122		
Parental Education								
Graduate/Professional Degree	39%	395	51%	405	42%	284		
Bachelor's Degree	41%	234	48%	207	47%	174		
No College Degree	41%	206	47%	187	50%	165		
	1		1		1			

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 55: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Suburban/Urban Specialty Shortage Areas†

		Students					
	2021	2021-2022)-202 I	2019-2020		
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Male	26%	260					
Female	26%	285					
Race/Ethnicity							
White	21%	263					
Asian	38%	148					
Hispanic/Latino	29%	63					
Black or African American	25%	26					
All Others*	31%	25					
Marital Status							
Married/Cohabiting	22%	170					
Single	28%	374					
Financial Status							
Independent	23%	335					
Dependent	31%	205					
Parental Income							
\$49,999 and less	26%	81					
\$50,000 - \$99,999	25%	142					
\$100,000 - 199,999	27%	150					
\$200,000 or more	26%	127					
Parental Education							
Graduate/Professional Degree	26%	260					
Bachelor's Degree	27%	153					
No College Degree	25%	125					
***************					1		

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

 $[\]verb||ln 2021-2022| additional underserved/shortage area types were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.$

Table 56: Planned Specialization - Graduating Seniors

•			Student	:s		
	2021	-2022	2020	-2021	2019	-2020
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Family Medicine Primary Care	22%	1,083	22%	909	23%	800
Internal Medicine, General Specialties	23%	1,161	9%	389	8%	299
Pediatrics, General	9%	438	3%	141	4%	148
Internal Medicine, Subspecialty			14%	570	14%	492
Emergency Medicine	11%	557	12%	490	11%	403
Psychiatry	5%	271	5%	214	6%	194
Pediatrics, Subspecialties			4%	180	5%	161
Anesthesiology	5%	238	5%	215	5%	184
OB/GYN and Subspecialties	4%	193	4%	163	4%	135
Surgery, General	4%	204	3%	122	3%	90
Radiology and Subspecialties			3%	129	3%	87
Orthopedic Surgery	2%	99	2%	82	2%	72
Neurology	2%	115	2%	84	2%	80
Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation Med.	3%	133	2%	102	2%	81
Critical Care			1%	39	2%	54
Surgery Subspecialties			1%	29	1%	33
Sports Medicine			1%	43	1%	35
Dermatology	1%	47	1%	35	1%	31
Pathology	1%	61	1%	46	1%	43
Geriatrics Medicine			0%	16	1%	17
Otolaryngology	0%	18	0%	6	1%	17
Ophthalmology/Reconstructive Surgery	0%	24	0%	13	0%	П
Plastic Surgery	0%	9	0%	15	0%	4
Preventive Medicine	0%	17	0%	8	0%	7
Thoracic Surgery	0%	I	0%	9	0%	5
Osteopathic Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine	0%	16	0%	17	0%	7
Allergy and Immunology	0%	19	0%	3	0%	3
Urology/Urological Surgery	0%	21	0%	9	0%	10
Medical Genetics and Genomics	0%	I	0%	2	0%	3
Vascular Surgery	0%	8	0%	6	0%	2
Nuclear Medicine	0%	ı	0%	2	0%	I
Child Neurology	0%	11				
Diagnostic Radiology	3%	150				
Interventional Radiology	0%	20				
Neurodevelopmental Disabilities	0%	4				
Neurological Surgery	0%	14 -				
Radiation Oncology	0%	7			001	
Colon Rectal Surgery			0%	5	0%	2
Undecided or Indefinite	1%	62	1%	41	1%	31
Total	100%	5,003	100%	4,134	100%	3,542

^{*}In 2021-2022 the specialties were updated to align with the

Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) specialty selections.



Table 57: Primary Care Plans, Graduating Seniors

		Students						
	202	2021-2022		2020-2021		9-2020		
	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Primary Care	54%	2,682	35%	1,439	35%	1,247		
Non-Primary Care	45%	2,259	64%	2,654	64%	2,264		
Undecided	1%	62	1%	41	1%	31		
Total	100%	5,003	100%	4,134	100%	3,542		

Table 58: Percentage of Graduating Seniors Who Plan to Practice in Primary Care Specialties

			Studen	its			
	202	2021-2022		2020-2021		2019-2020	
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Male	49%	1,239	31%	643	31%	547	
Female	58%	1,401	39%	730	41%	637	
Ethnicity							
White	51%	1,471	33%	795	34%	744	
Asian	62%	679	38%	337	39%	280	
Hispanic/Latinio	54%	240	39%	129	33%	74	
Black or African American	54%	80	36%	36	39%	37	
All Others*	54%	81	35%	45	30%	31	
Marital Status							
Married/Cohabiting	53%	883	38%	532	38%	475	
Single	54%	1,739	34%	849	34%	72 I	
Financial Status							
Independent	53%	1,616	35%	889	36%	797	
Dependent	55%	989	36%	461	33%	362	
Parental Income							
\$49,999 or less	58%	335	39%	194	40%	177	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	57%	67 I	38%	366	36%	326	
\$100,000 - 199,999	54%	735	35%	385	35%	349	
\$200,000 or more	51%	642	31%	313	32%	256	
Parental Education							
Graduate/Professional Degree	53%	1,299	34%	667	33%	557	
Bachelor's Degree	54%	708	34%	368	37%	335	
No College Degree	55%	596	38%	335	39%	296	
Parental Profession							
DO/MD†	52%	347	33%	175	32%	139	
Non-DO/MD	56%	183	31%	85	28%	69	

 $[\]dagger$ Category includes respondents who indicated a DO/MD father and/or mother.

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 59: Planned Specialty Choice Decision Factors

Mean Influence Rating*

	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020
Intellectual Content of the Specialty	3.3	3.2	3.3
Like Dealing with People	3.1	3.0	3.0
Skills/Abilities	3.0	3.0	3.0
Lifestyle	3.0	3.0	3.0
Role Models	2.7	2.6	2.7
Desire for Independence	2.7	2.6	2.6
Academic Environment	2.7	2.6	2.6
Like the Emphasis on Technical Skills	2.6	2.7	2.6
Previous Experience	2.5	2.4	2.4
Peer Influence	2.1	2.1	2.0
Prestige/Income Potential	1.9	1.9	1.9
Opportunity for Research/Creativity	1.9	1.8	1.8
Debt Level	1.8	1.9	1.8
Program has Osteopathic Recognition†	1.0	1.0	1.0

^{*}Scale from 0 to 4; 0 being "No Influence," 4 being "Major Influence."

Table 60: Planned Specialty Choice - Non-Under Represented Minority and Under Represented Minority

	Mean Influence Rating*					
		Under		Non-	Under	
	All Students	Repr	esented	Repre	sented	
		Mir	nority	Min	ority	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	
Intellectual Content of the Specialty	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	
Like Dealing with People	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.2	
Skills/Abilities	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	
Lifestyle	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.0	
Role Models	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	
Desire for Independence	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	
Academic Environment	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	
Like the Emphasis on Technical Skills	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.6	
Previous Experience	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	
Peer Influence	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.1	
Prestige/Income Potential	1.9	2.2	1.8	2.1	1.7	
Opportunity for Research/Creativity	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	
Debt Level	1.8	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.6	
Program has Osteopathic Recognition†	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	

^{*}Scale from 0 to 4; 0 being "No Influence," 4 being "Major Influence."

Table A1: 2021-2022 Graduating Seniors Response Rate to the AACOM Graduating Seniors Survey

Response Rate Range	Number of COMs						
	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020				
90% or more	25	17	12				
75% - 89%	1	3	1				
50% - 74%	4	5	10				
25% - 49%	7	14	15				
Less than 25%	9	6	3				
Mean response rate for all COMs	72%	63%	59%				

Table A2: 2021-2022 Response Rate to Debt, Scholarship and Specialty Survey Questions

	Response Rate
Debt	
Total Osteopathic Medical Education Loans	65%
Unsubsidized Stattord or FFELP	59%
Subsidized Stafford or FFELP	33%
Graduate PLUS	52%
Perkins	25%
Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS)	24%
Primary Care Loan (PCL)	24%
Other State-Issued Loans	24%
Osteopathic Association Loans	24%
Alternative Loans	25%
Other	27%
Family Loans to be Repaid by Student	61%
Non-Educational Debt	78%
At Entry, Loans Owing for Undergraduate Education	83%
At Entry, Loans Owing for Post-Bac Education	82%
Scholarships/Grants	
Total Scholarships/Grants	38%
National Health Service Corps Scholarship	24%
Veterans Attairs Health Protessionals Scholarship	24%
Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship	25%
Post-9/11 GI Bill	23%
Indian Health Service Scholarship	23%
Department of Defense Tuition Assistance	23%
Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students	23%
State Government Scholarship/Grant	24%
Award from Osteopathic Medical School	29%
Tuition Waiver	24%
Osteopathic Association	24%
Diversity/Minority Scholarship	24%
Other Sources	26%
Specialty	
Specialty Choice	91%